



2018 CAP Implementation Workshop, Hongkong ,China

**Development of China National Early Warning Release System  
and CMA Participation in GMAS-A**

**Pan Jinjun**

**Public Metrological Service Center  
China Meteorological Administration  
2018.11.01**



# ABSTRACTS

- The Development of China National Emergency Warning Releasing System (**NEWRS**)
- CMA Participation in the Development of Global Multi-Hazard Alert System-Asia (**GMAS-A**)

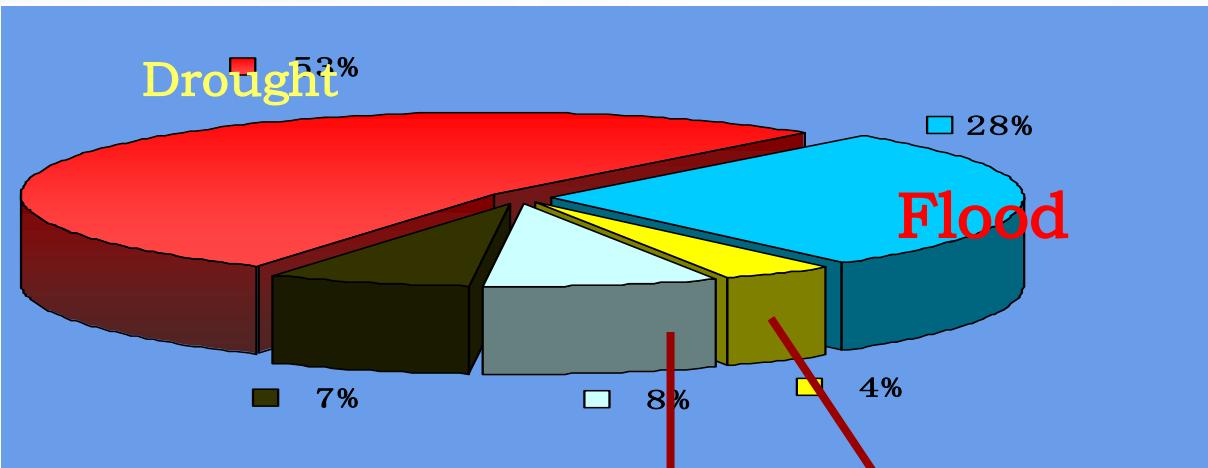


## Part 1:

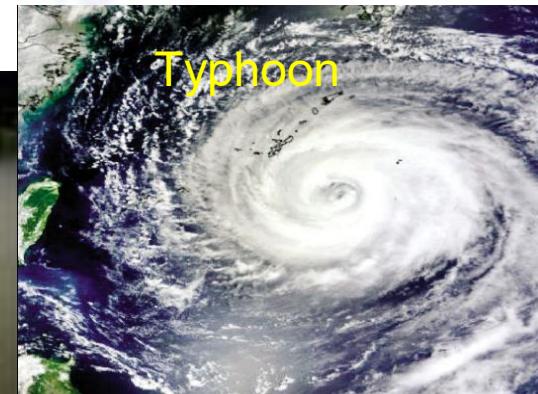
# The Development of China National Emergency Warning Releasing System (NEWRS)



# Major Meteorological Hazards in China



- Almost all the meteorological disasters happen in China.
- 71% of all natural disasters are meteorological disasters in China.
- The major meteorological disasters are drought, flood, typhoon, etc.





## Background

《The Law on Response to Emergencies》  
Implement since November 1,2007

- ◆ Establish a nationwide unified early warning release system





# Developing process since NEWRS project approval

2011

2012

2013

2014

2015

- The national development and reform commission issued **project investment**, and the construction started.
- The platform construction of system was completed.
- The provincial and municipal platform.
- System was put into **test operation**
- System was put into formal operation  
**System operation management method was issued**



# **The Principle of System Construction:**

**Government organization**

**Meteorological Administration undertaken**

**Departments collaboration**

**Media participation**

**close partnership**



## Objectives and Contents

- ✓ Including 4 kinds of emergency incidents: **Natural disasters, accidents disasters, public health emergencies, social security incidents** ;
- ✓ Possessing the ability of receiving, processing and timely releasing information.





# NEWRS system construction scale

**1 national center**  
**31 provincial center**  
**343 municipal center**  
**2015 county center**



# National Early Warning Center



# Guangdong Early Warning Center



# Shanghai Early Warning Center





# Adopted CAP standards

- NEWRS based on the Common Alerting Protocol (CAP)
- a CAP-based regional meteorological warning system is completely feasible and necessary.



The world meteorological organization promote the international general alarm protocol implementation. Geneva

# NEWRS system structure

2

[Top-down] Information reached and applied at all levels



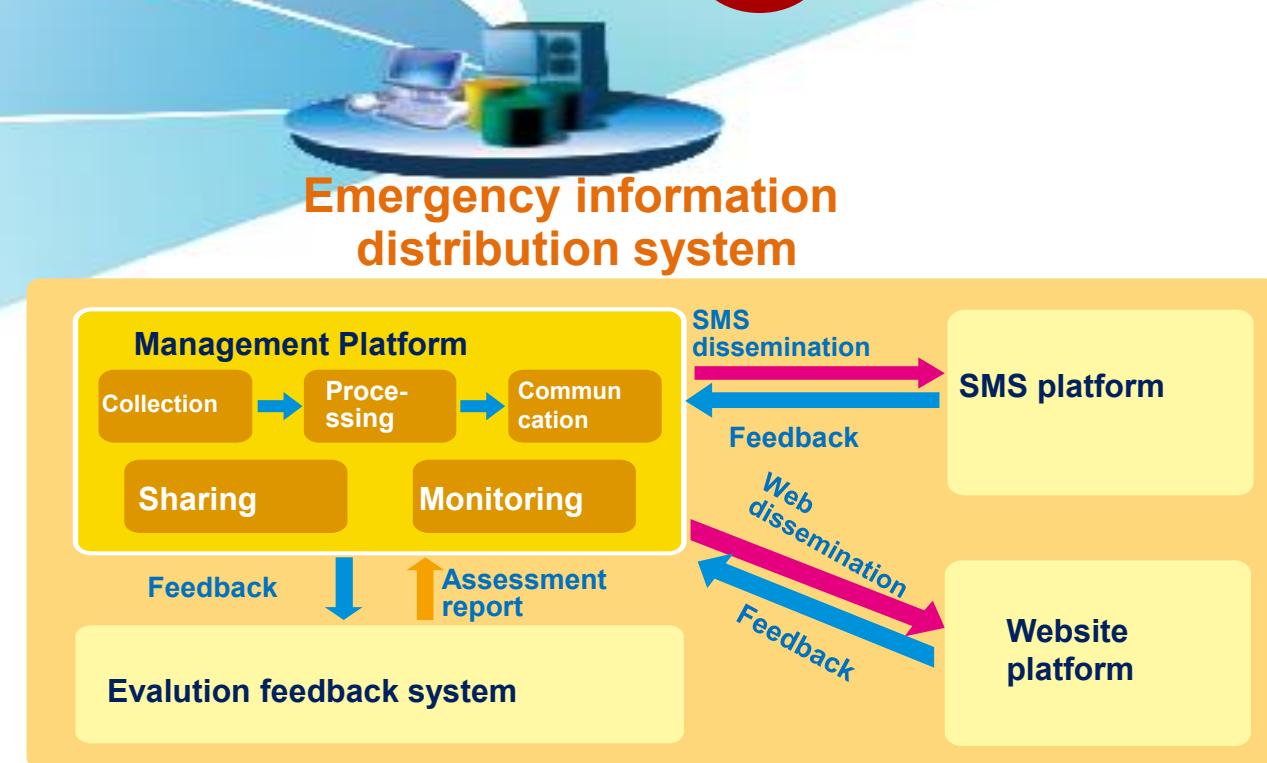
1

【Cross-sector】 Sharing information with DMAs and other policy makers

- Department of Transportation; Ministry of Finance ;Ministry of Civil Affairs; Ministry of Land and Resources; Earthquake Administration; Ministry of Water Resources ; Ministry of Health; China Meteorological Administration; Ministry of Foreign Affairs...

25 Ministries

3

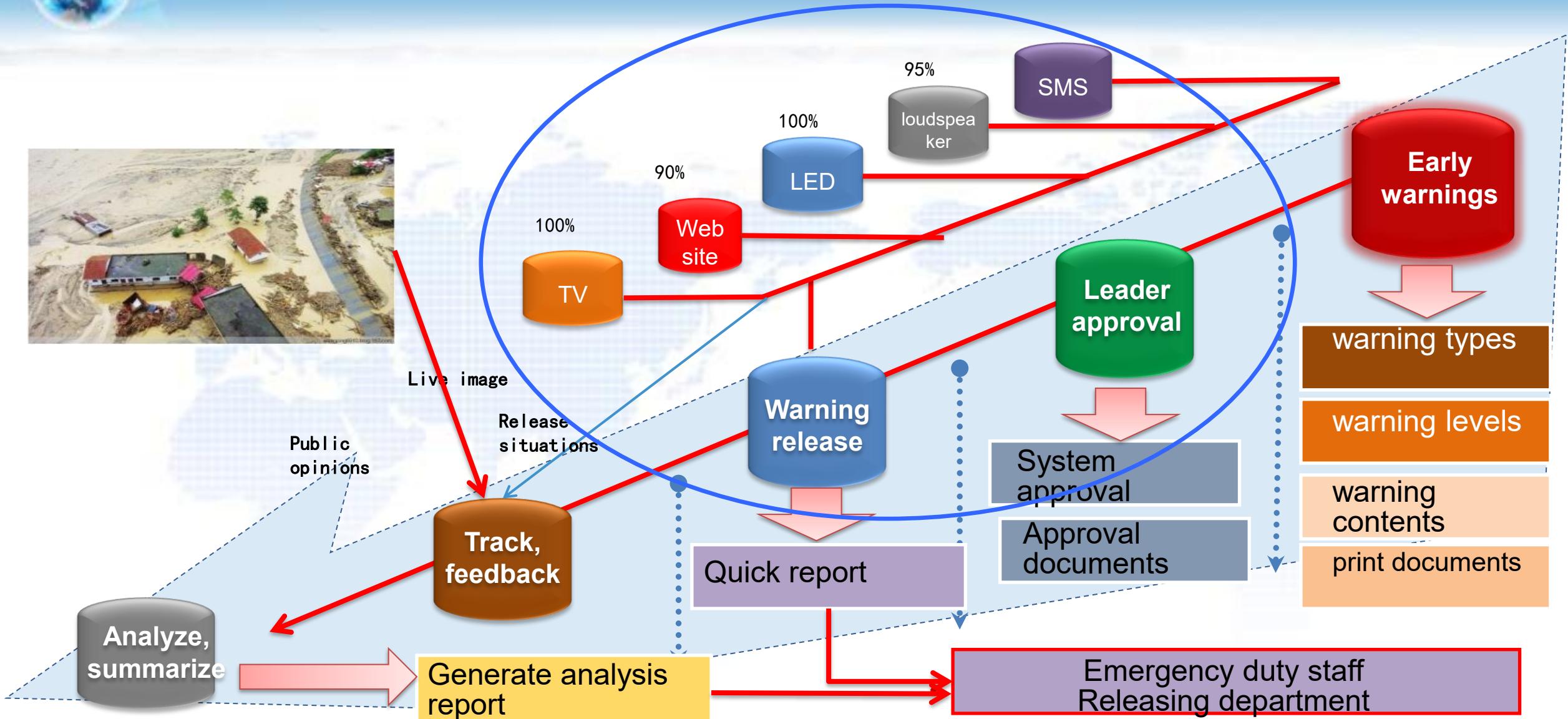


User Interface



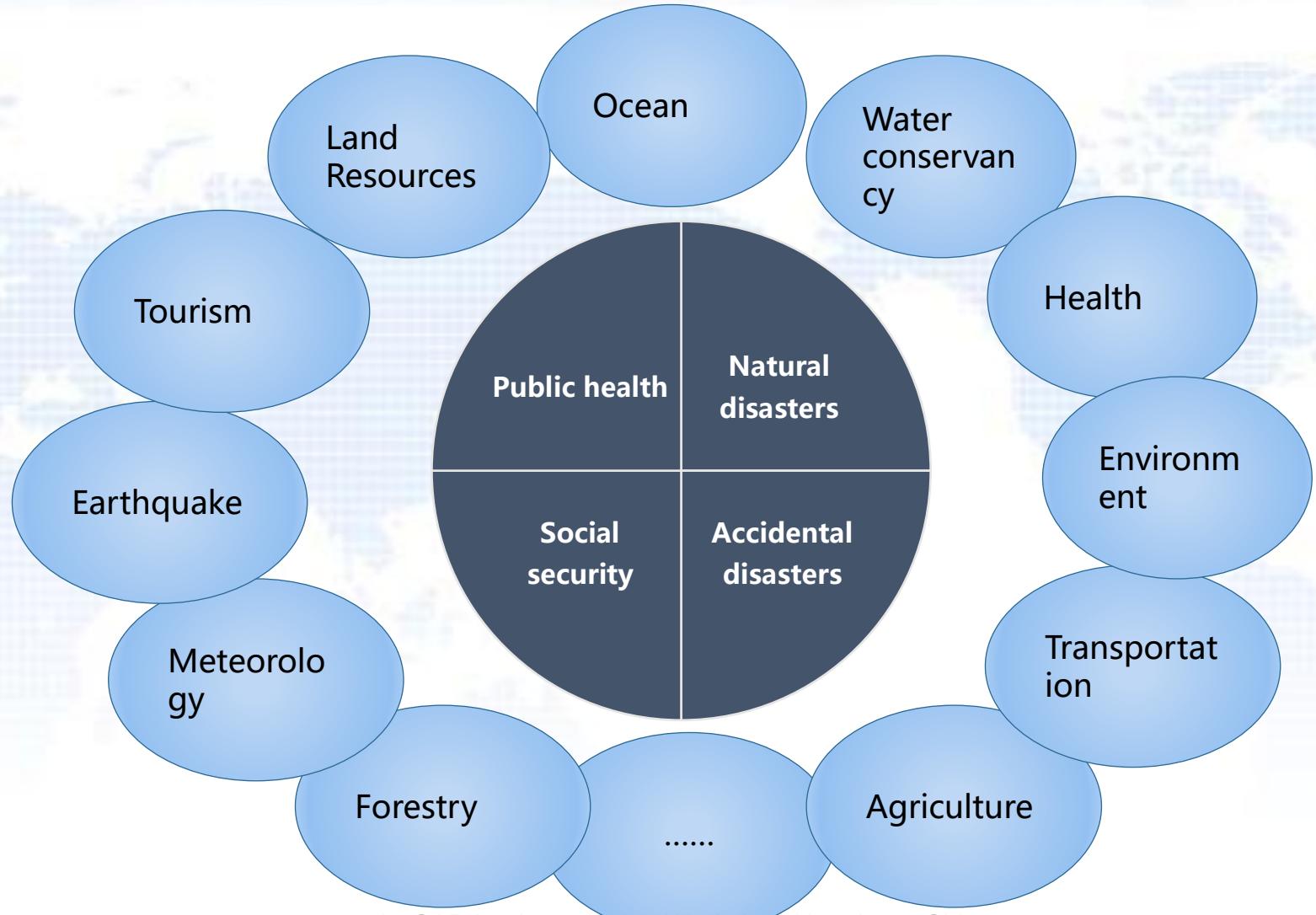


# Overall Warning release Process





# Sharing of warning information across related departments



# Wide coverage of early warning dissemination network



## Broadcast and TV

- Television instant inter-cut of **30 provinces**, radio instant inter-cut of **31 provinces**
- **Emergency network** : Implement the docking with emergency network comprehensive emergency



## National social media

- **Tencent**: Cover **600 million** WeChat users and **400 million** QQ users with popup
- **Ali**: Covering **400 million** Alipay users
- **Baidu**: Cover **83%** internet users with Baidu search and map
- **Sina**: Cover **300 million** microblog users



## Business & Operating Support System

- **Green channel**: **31 provinces** SMS to effect area
- **Mobile phone producers**: discuss with **lenovo, samsung** on **mandatory app installation standard**



# Improvement of Distribution Channels

Based on the current channels:

**Broadcast**

**TV**

**Internet**

**Marine radio**

**Loudspeakers**

**Display**

■ New Channels have been developed:

- ✓ **Emergency message platform**
- ✓ **National emergency message website**
- ✓ **Broadcast and TV special line**
- ✓ **Meteorological service center**

**Enlarge the scale of emergency message, and improve the releasing time of warning information.**





# Typhoon-Impacted Service

- A specific web-page built for such topics, displaying relevant information such as meteorological elements, weather disasters monitor and forecast.
- Accordingly, our **emergency commanders and officers** would be well-informed and conduct rescue activities orderly.

**Risk Warning Topics**

- Typhoon
- Rainstorm
- High Temperature
- Heavy Pollution
- Gale
- Forest Fire
- Geologic Hazard
- Torrential flood

**Warning Information**

- National Warning: A total of 21 warnings
- Nation: 0
- Province: Red Orange
- City: Red: Orange: 0
- County: Red Orange: 14

**Warning Types**

- 4 Heavy Pollution
- 6 Typhoon
- 3 Forest Fire
- 2 High Temperature
- 2 Wind
- 2 Blizzard
- 2 Rainstorm
- 2 Geological Disaster
- 1 Mountain Torrents

**Emergencies**

- 巴布亚新几内亚地震 (2018年02月...)
- 沅水常德翻船 (2018年02月27日)
- 台湾宜兰地震 (2018年02月26日)

**Blue PI Ant | BasicData**

- Ship
- Hospital
- School
- Airport
- Debris Flow
- Traffic
- Port
- Reservoir
- Rivers

**Mete-Info Emergency Decision Support System(MeDSS) V1.0**

**Typhoon Warning**

2017-10-15 09:00

Haikou Meteorological Observatory Issued Typhoon Orange Early Warning [II level]

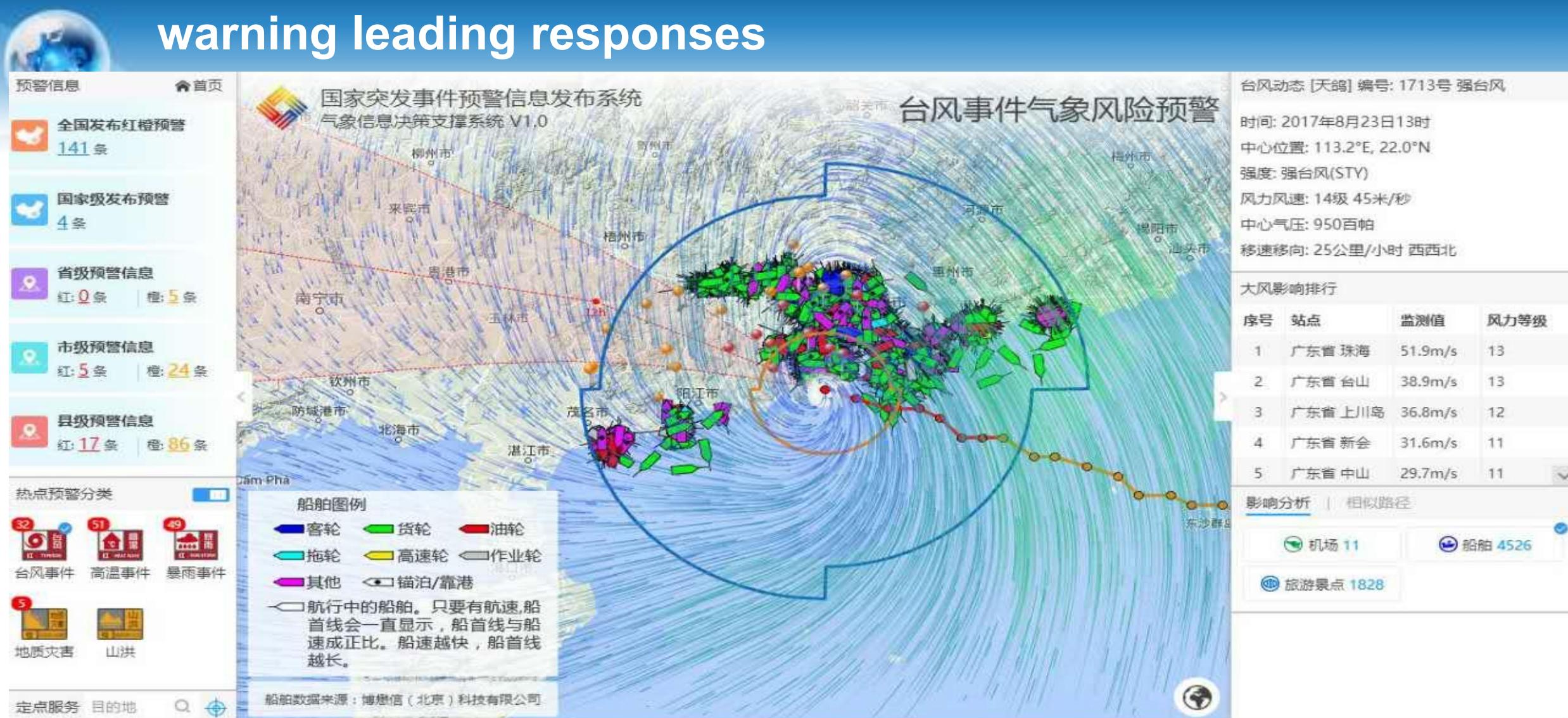
at 08:58 AM October 15, 2017, meteorological station of Haikou has upgraded the yellow warning to the orange level. Due to the impact of typhoon Khanun, within next 12 hours, to 10, or 12-13 gusts. The relevant units or personnel should take preventive measures.

**Respective analysis on impacts of airport, ship and tourist spots.**

Typhoon No. Time: 9月14日15时 Central Location: 12 Intensity: 超强台风 Wind Level and Win Center Pressure: 935 Moving Speed and Impact Analysis | Path Port 5 Ship 3346 Airport 5 Tourist attrac...936

2018 CAP Implementation Workshop, Hongkong, China

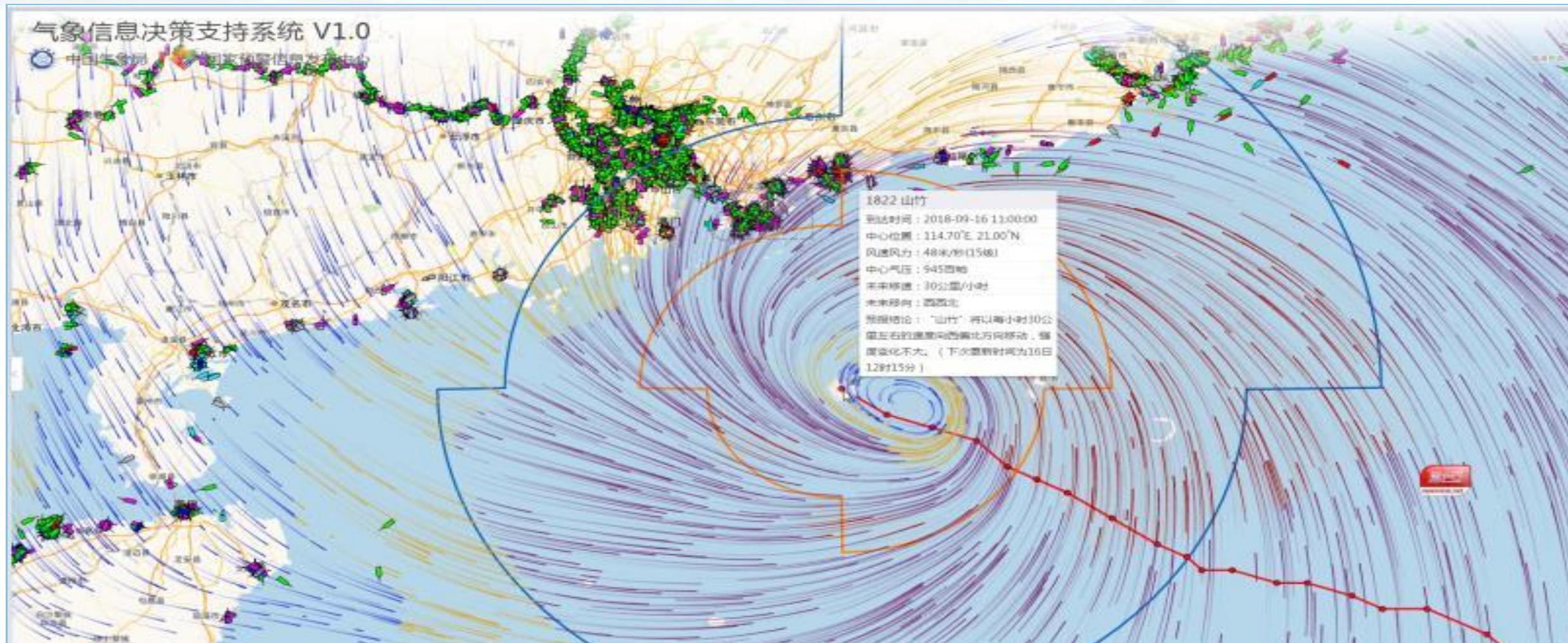
# warning leading responses



On August 23, 2017, Typhoon "Hato", No. 13 this year, landed in Zhuhai City Guangdong Province in strong typhoon intensity, with 741 million people affected, and direct economic losses of 12.18 billion yuan.



“mangosteen” : 2018.09.16 , 11:00:00 Beijing time



# Applications



**National emergency management department**



# Warning release real-time monitoring platform



- Monitoring the operation of NEWRS, the releasing processes, the releasing pattern .
- The real-time disaster situation.
- Response action.



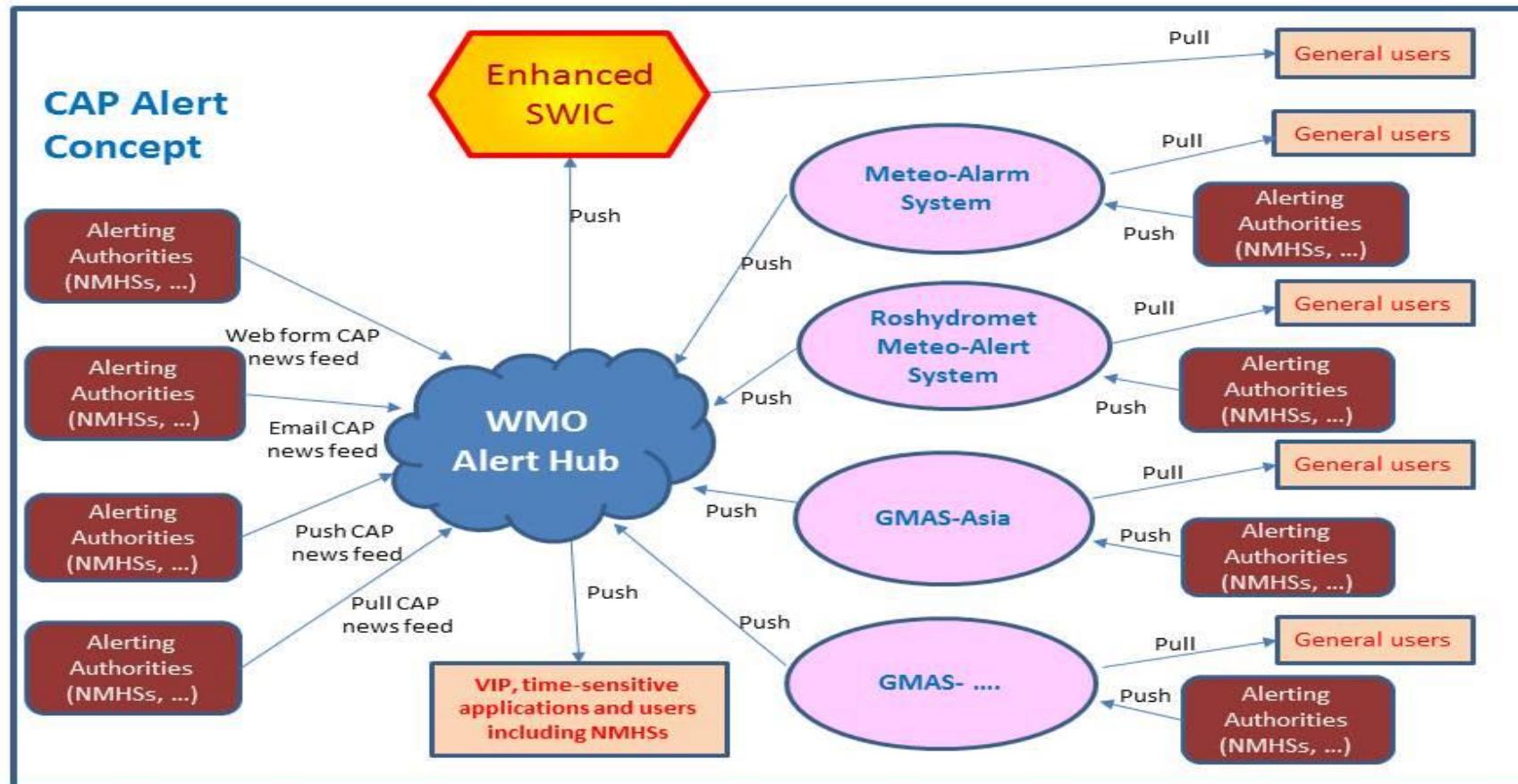
## **Part 2:**

# **CMA Participation in the Development of Global Multi-Hazard Alert System-Asia (GMAS-A)**



# WMO Alert Hub as an alert component of GMAS

## WMO Alert Hub within GMAS



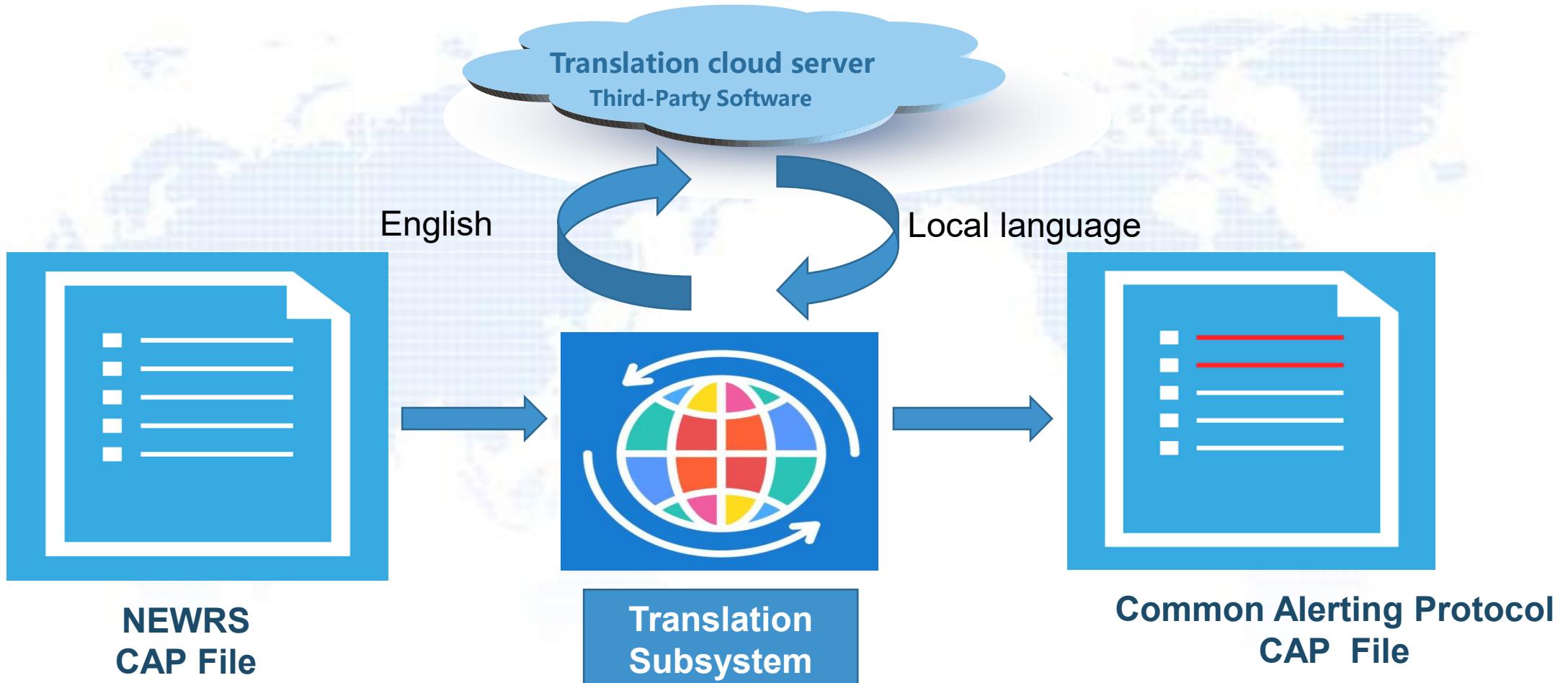


# Develop Regional Asian – GMAS

- CMA and HKO as co-coordinators
- To establish a regional multi-alarm system (**GMAS-A**), based on the implementation of **CAP** (Common Alerting Protocol) and the experience in WMO WWIS and SWIC
- To promote **experience sharing** among NMHSs in Asia in disaster risk reduction
- To organize **training courses**
- To provide assistance to relevant members **to improve operational capability** in meteorological risk reduction

## **RAII Pilot Project**

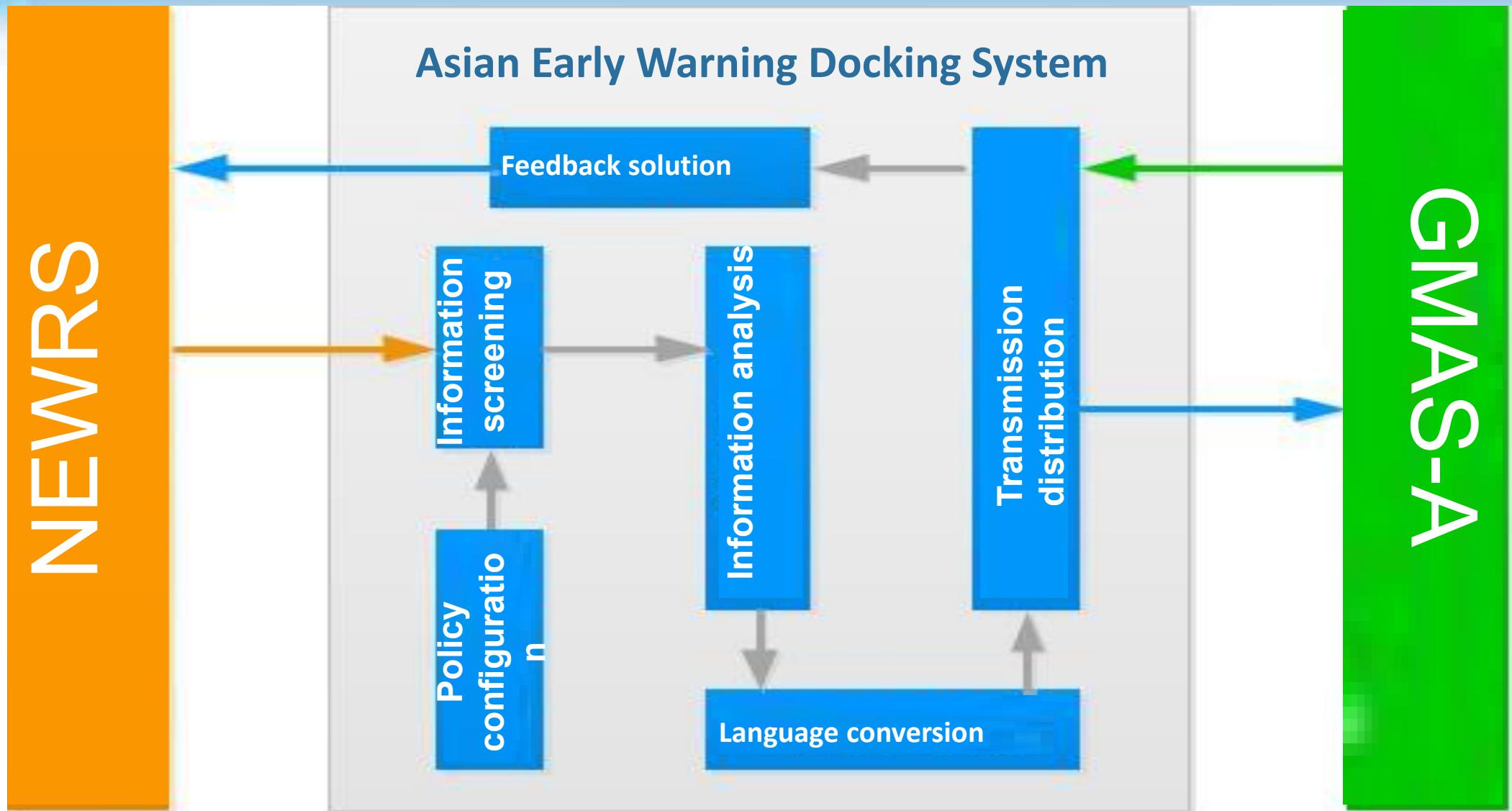
# CAP translator based on International standard protocol



# CAP Data Transfer Process

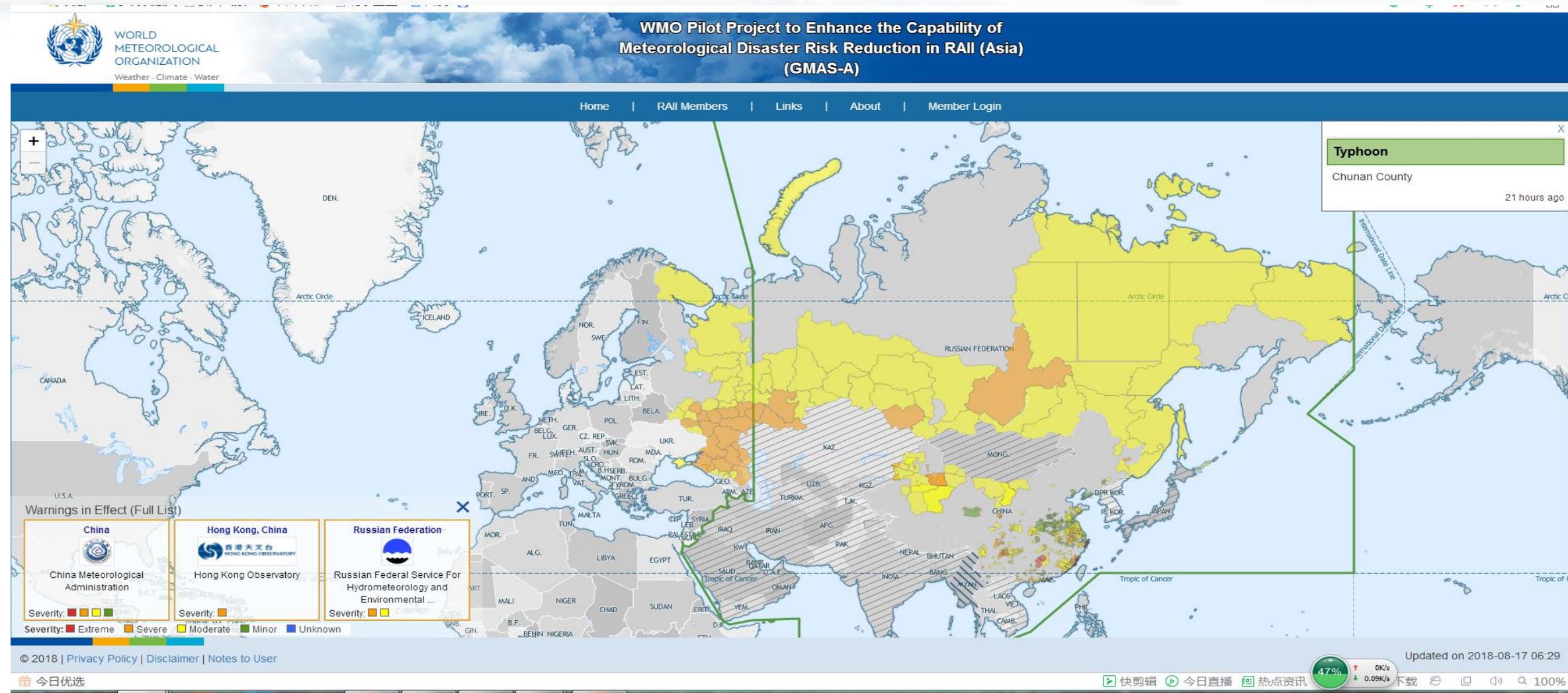


# NEWRS connected to GMAS-A (Alert Hub of HK)





2017.08.17



# World Meteorological Centre-Beijing

## Global Monitoring, Global Forecasting, Global Services

On 16 January 2018, CMA Headquarters awarded the plaque of the "World Meteorological Centre (Beijing)" to the **National Meteorological Centre** (NMC, also known as Central Meteorological Observatory). NMC will work with the National Climate Centre, National Satellite Meteorological Centre, and National Meteorological Information Centre to fulfill the WMC's functions and translate the Chinese meteorological vision of "**Monitoring, Forecasting and Servicing globally**" into practice.

The World Meteorological Centre in Beijing (WMC-Beijing) is committed to:

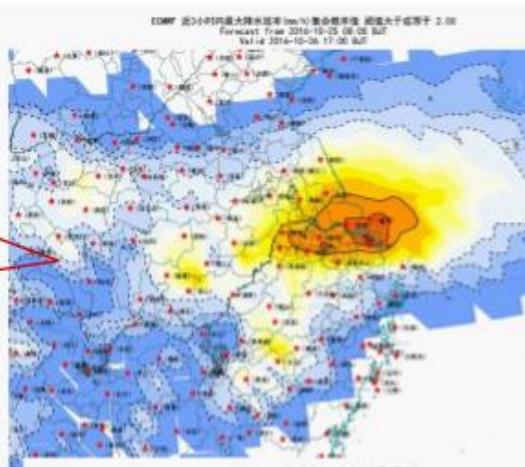
- a) Improving global numerical weather prediction (NWP)
- b) Developing a global satellite product system
- c) Establishing a high-speed meteorological data exchange center
- d) Putting a global seamless forecasting system into practice
- e) Building a regional consultation platform
- f) Contributing an international exchange mechanism for weather forecasting and service



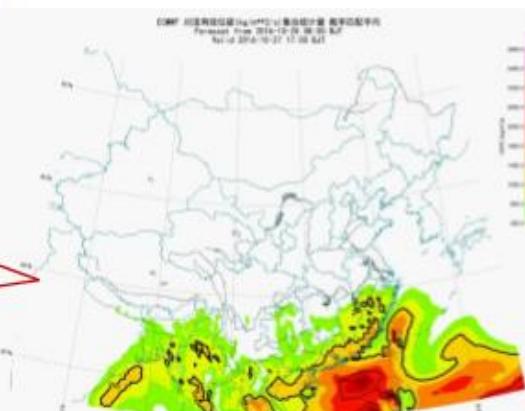
# Ensemble Forecast Products

Extreme Forecast Index(EFI)

Precipitation Probability

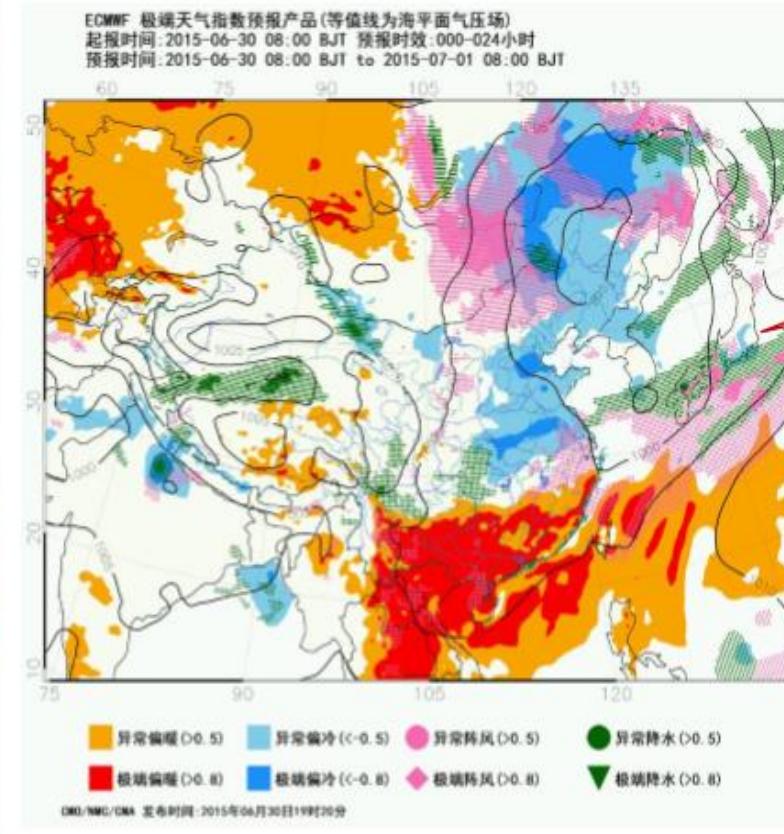


CAPE



Extreme Weather Index

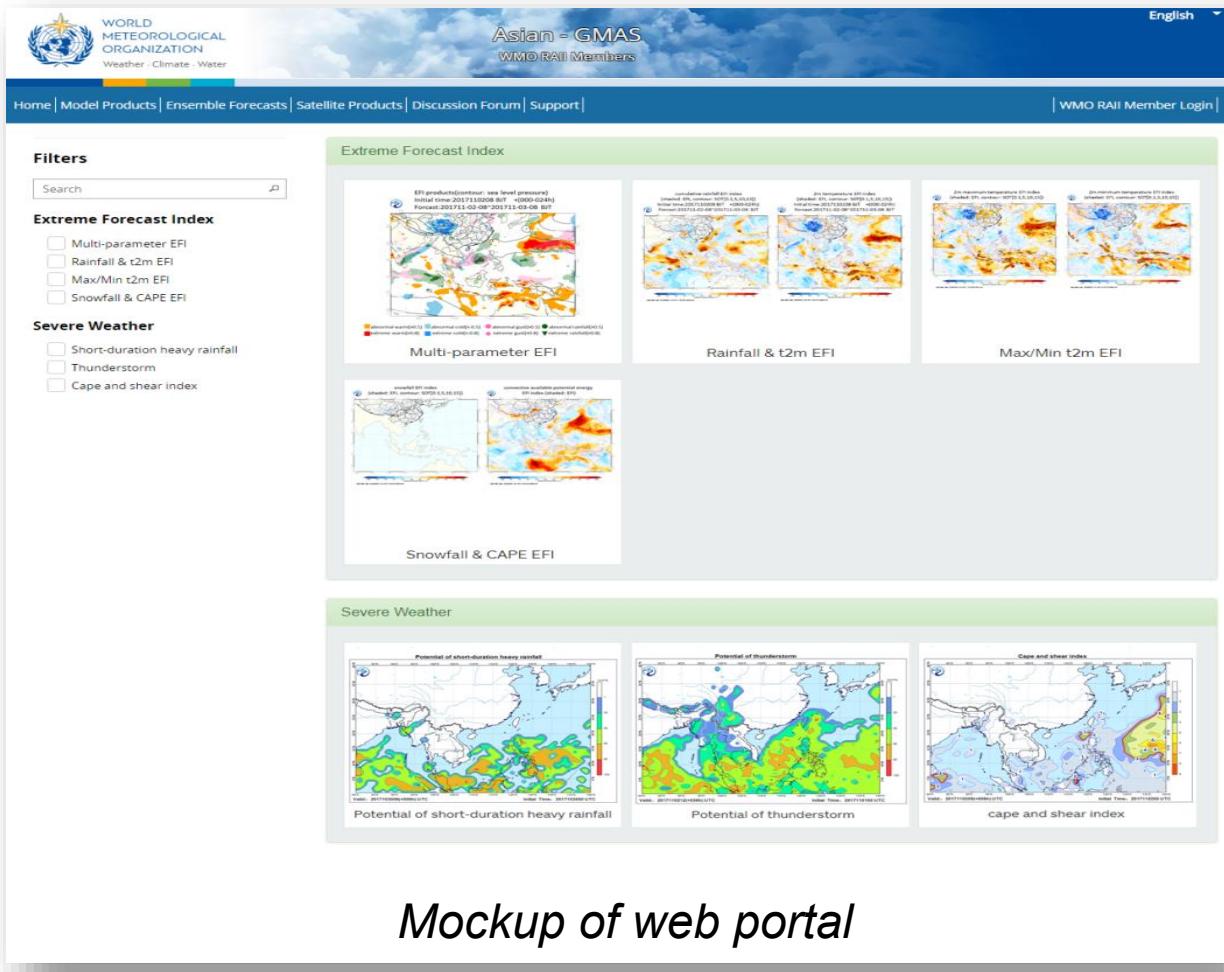
- Extreme temperature
- Extreme precipitation
- Extreme gust



Description information:

The Extreme Forecast Index(EFI) is computed from the difference between Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF) curves of the M-climate and the current ENS forecast distribution. The EFI is presented in chart form on a composite chart for 2-metre **temperature**(max and min), total **precipitation** and maximum **gusts**.

# Restricted Web Portal of Asian – GMAS (GMAS-A)



WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION Weather - Climate - Water

Asian = GMAS WMO RAI Members

English

Home | Model Products | Ensemble Forecasts | Satellite Products | Discussion Forum | Support | WMO RAI Member Login |

**Filters**

Search

**Extreme Forecast Index**

Multi-parameter EFI  
 Rainfall & t2m EFI  
 Max/Min t2m EFI  
 Snowfall & CAPE EFI

**Severe Weather**

Short-duration heavy rainfall  
 Thunderstorm  
 Cape and shear index

**Extreme Forecast Index**

EFI products/contours - area level pressure  
Initial time: 2017110208 RAI +0000-0240  
Forecast: 2017110208 RAI +0000-0240  
Valid time: 2017110208 RAI +0000-0240

Multi-parameter EFI

Rainfall & t2m EFI

Max/Min t2m EFI

Snowfall & CAPE EFI

**Severe Weather**

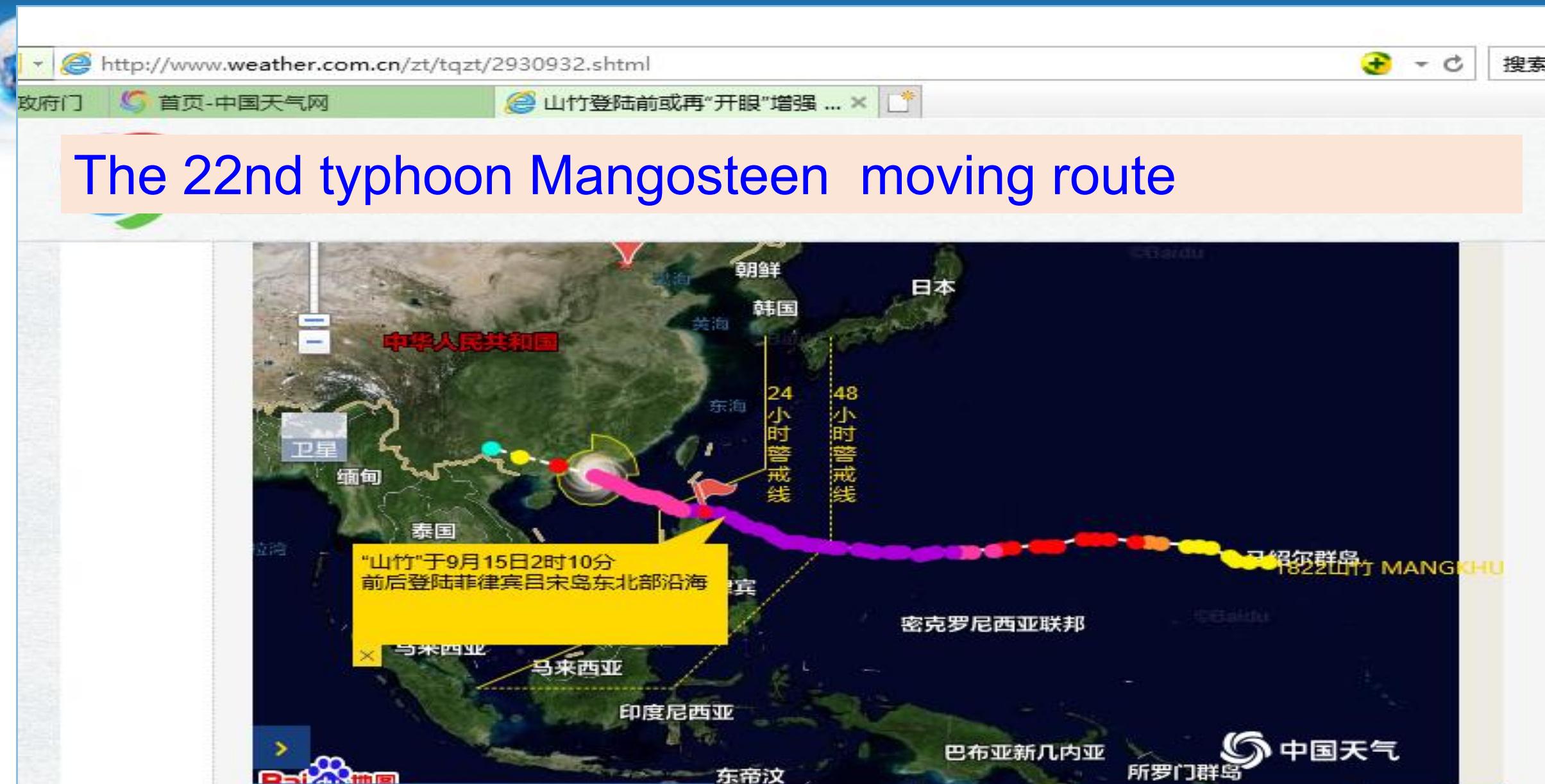
Potential of short-duration heavy rainfall

Potential of thunderstorm

Cape and shear index

Mockup of web portal

- For **sharing of hazard-related information** with Members, e.g.
- risk-based NWP products, probabilistic and ensemble forecast products, etc.

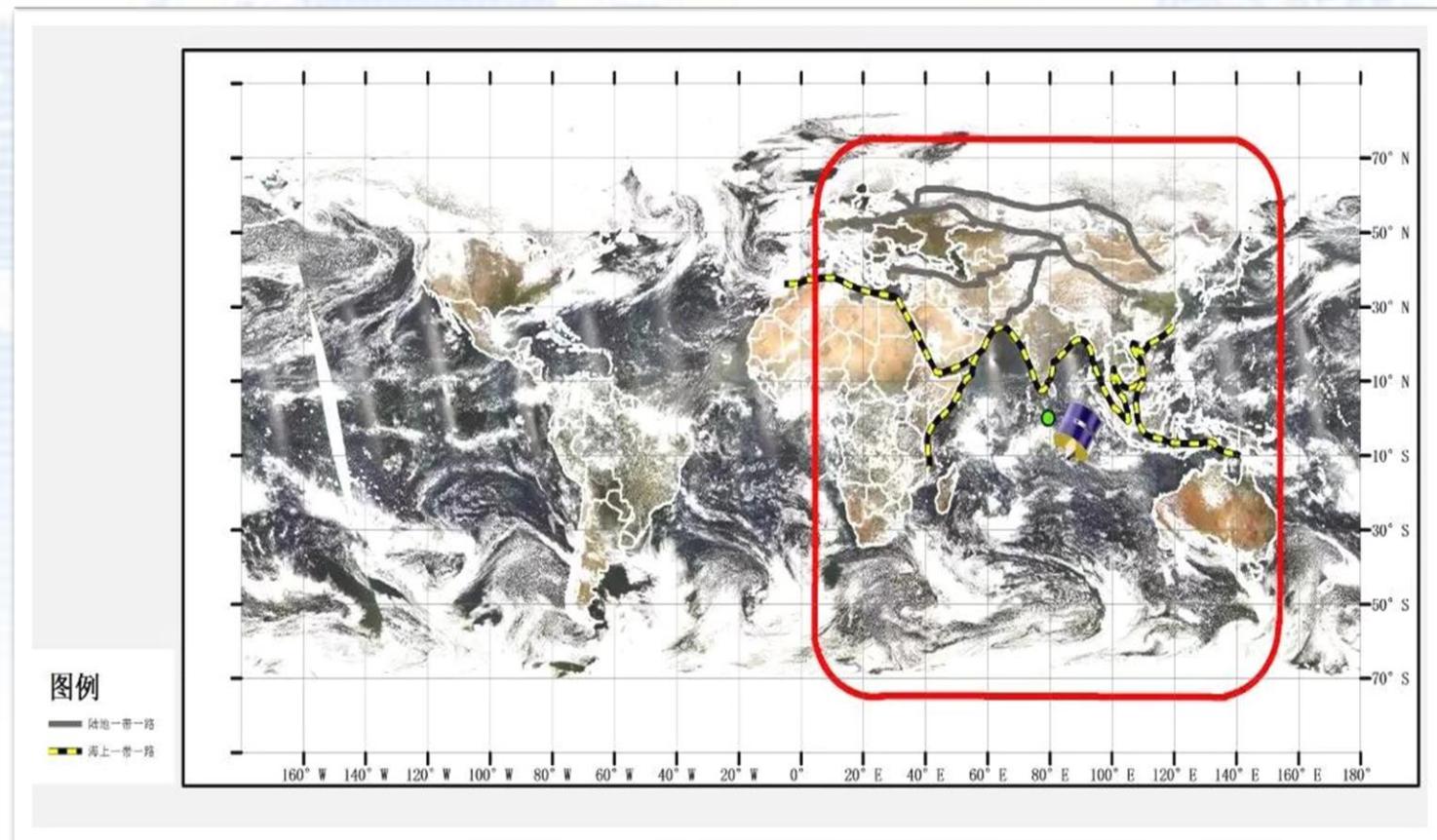




# Successful launch of FY-2H

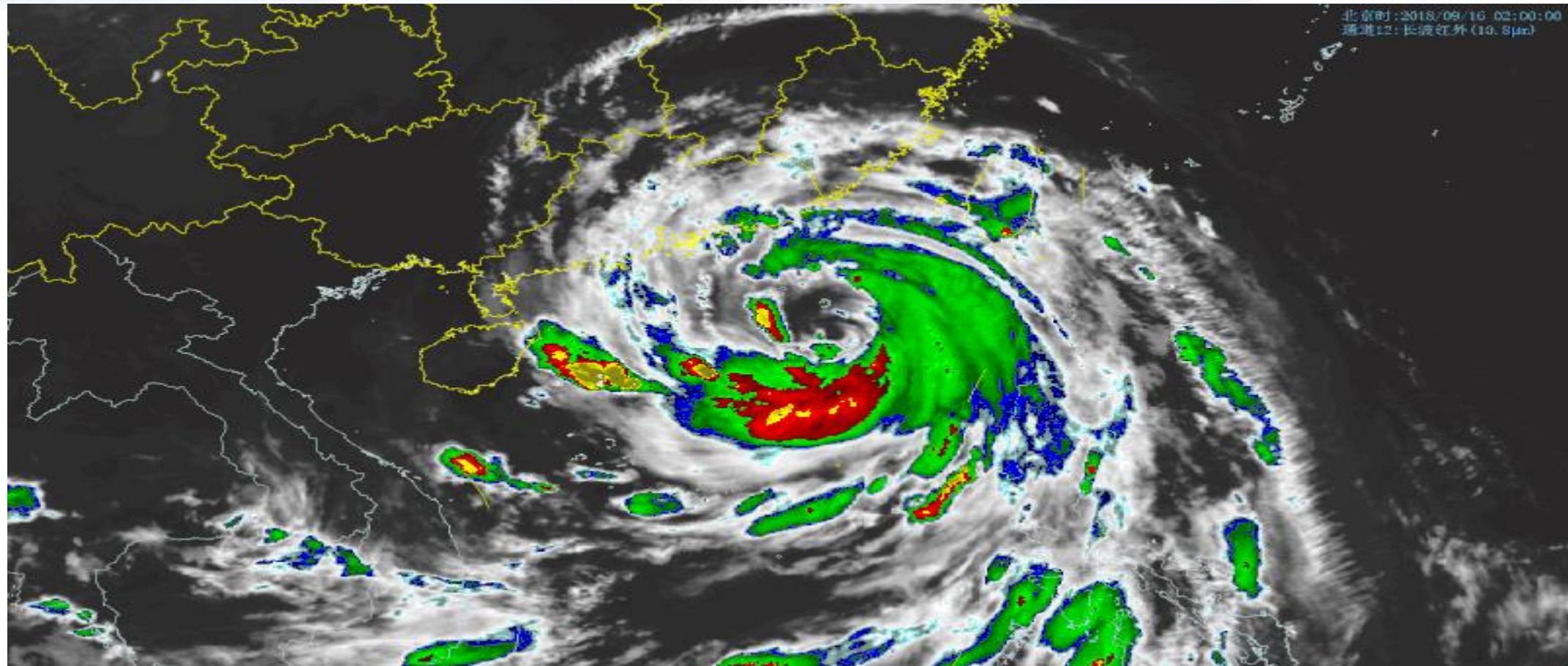
Jun. 2018

Its position was **moved westward to 79°E** to **extend the coverage to the Indian Ocean, South Asia, West Asia, Central Asia and most African countries.**





# FY-4 : “mangosteen“ monitoring



风云四号 “山竹” 监测动图



# Emergency Support Mechanism of FENGYUN Satellite

- ✓ In 2018, the mechanism was formally established.
- ✓ Based on a user's request, CMA uses the on-duty satellite for **intensive regional observation** per 5-6 min over the disaster-affected areas.
- ✓ provides the requesting Member with the processed satellite images and related quantitative products in various ways.



2018 CAP Implementation Workshop, Hongkong, China



# Regional emergency consultation when typhoon occurs



- On September 15, 2018, as the 22nd typhoon of this year approached the coastal areas of south China, the CMA, the Hong Kong observatory, and the macau meteorological and geophysical bureau held a joint consultation on the trend and impact of "mangosteen" to jointly determine the future development trend and impact of "mangosteen".



# Project dissemination



2018 CAP Implementation Workshop, Hongkong, China



# The 2th China-ASEAN Meteo. Forum (September 12. 2018)



2018 CAP Implementation Workshop, Hongkong, China

# Thank you for your attention !

contacts:

**Jinjun Pan, the deputy director of CMA Public Meteorological Service Center**

**EMAIL:** [panjinjun@cma.gov.cn](mailto:panjinjun@cma.gov.cn)